

MINERAL AND ORGANIC FERTILIZERS IMPACT' ON THE GROWTH OF *OCIMUM GRATISSIMUM* L. PRODUCED IN ABOMEY-CALAVI IN SOUTHERN BENIN

Faton Manhognon Oscar Euloge¹, Bonou-Gbo Zak², Ekpelikpeze Olivier³, Montcho Hambada koffi Davi⁴, Hodonou Elodie⁵, Djedatin Gustave⁶, Gandonou Gbossegnon Bernard Christophe⁷, Gnancadja-Andre Léopold Simplice⁸ & Edorh Patrick Aléodjrodo⁹

^{1,2,5,7,8}Laboratory of Plant Physiology and Study of Environmental Stresses: Research Unit in Phytopathology and Plant

Protection/ UAC/ Fast/ Benin

1.2.3.4 Laboratory of Biotechnology, Genetic Resources and Plant and Animal Breeding / UAC / FAST /Benin

^{4,6} Laboratory of Plant, Horticultural and Forest Sciences UNA/Benin

^{2, 6} Laboratory of Molecular Biology and Bioinformatic Applied to Gnenomic / UNSTIM/ Ensbba/Benin

⁹Laboratory of Biochemistry and Cell Biology, University of Abomey-Calavi, Cotonou, Bénin

ABSTRACT

Market gardening is practiced in all regions of Benin and is made up of traditional crops including Ocimum gratissimum L., and on the other hand leafy vegetables and other exotic crops. This study conducted in the municipality of Abomey-Calavi aims to evaluate different doses of fertilizers for the sustainable production of this traditional vegetable which, due to its characteristics, is appreciated by the populations. Following a field survey, an experiment was conducted in a completely randomized Fisher device in two repetitions on two varieties of Ocimum gratissimum. Four treatments were applied through the use of organics fertilizer (compost Or, Super Gro, neem meal AgroBio) and NPK 20-20-20 foliar fertilizer as mineral. Five variables such as leaf length, stem length, leaf diameter, stem diameter and number of leaves were measured. The analysis of the different variables allow to observe that the compost Or at a dose of 20 T/ha has a significant effect on the length of the stem and the number of leaves. On the other hand, with the treatment made up of super Gro at a rate of 9 g for 16 L of water, the plants developed more than with the gold compost (18.5g) + meal (45.2g) and NPK treatments in a dilution 9 g for 05 L of water ; but less developed than plants treated with Compost Gold. Control plants that received no treatment showed the smallest measurements of leagth, leaf diameter, stem diameter, stem diameter, stem length and number of leaves; compared to other treatments.

KEYWORDS: Growth, Fertilizer, Ocimum Gratissimum L., Treatment, Vegetable

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